

## SST SCHEME OF WORK FOR PRIMARY SIX TERM $\mathbf{1}$

WR	DD 6	TOPIC	SUB TOPIC	COMPETENCES SUBJECT	LANGUAGE  GOING T I		TECHNIQUES/ METHODS Y WORK	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS AC/VALVES	T/L AIDS	REF	RMKS
2	1	Common Markets in East Africa	Introduction	Pupils 's should be able to;  Give the meaning of the term common market.  List the features of common markets.  Give reasons why countries need to cooperate.  State the conditions necessary for the success of common markets.  State how countries benefit.  Disadvantages of common markets	The leaner write, pronounces, and spells the term stated in the introduction e.g.  Labour  Capital Enterprises Common markets Investment Research Economic Dependence	Features of common markets     Why countries need to co-operate     Conditions necessary for the success of common markets     How member countries benefit from common markets     Disadvantage of common markets	discussion  Story telling	Writing structured notes  Answering oral questions through the question and answer technique	Clear pronunciation of terms  Sharing with others  Using appropriate language  Resolving issues without fighting	Chalk Board illustration	MK Standard SST Bk6 Fountain SST for Uganda Bk6	

	2	The East African Community	Backgroun d of EAC	Learners at the end of the lesson should be able to:  Analyse the historical background of EAC  Name the first organizations formed before EAC  State how people benefited from the first organizations  Give information about the formation of the defunct EAC (1967 – 1977)	The leaner writes correctly the in full first organizations formed before EAC i.e EACSO, EAHC	East African     Common Services     Organization     (EACSO)     How the people     benefited from     EACSO.     East African High     Commission     (EAHC)     Function of the     EAHC     The East African     Community     Founder members	Whole class discussion Story telling	Naming the president of East Africa who formed the EAC  Naming the countries that and make up the EAC	- Appreciation - Working together Unity Respect	Chalk Board illustration	Fountain social studies for Uganda Bk6 MK standard SST Bk6 Comprehe nsive SST Bk6	
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	3	Location of countries that formed the EAC. The East African Community		Learners at the end of lesson should be able to:-  Define a latitude and longitude  Define northern and southern hemisphere  Name the five major circles of latitude  Locate the five major circles of latitude and latitude on a globe	The leaner spells, pronounces and writes the key words correctly i.e Arctic circle - Tropic of cancer - Equator - Tropic of Capricorn - Antarctic circle - Hemisphere - Planet - Imaginary	Latitude Northern hemisphere Southern hemisphere This is the angular distance of a place north or south of the Equator They are sometimes called parallels - Northern hemisphere - Southern hemisphere - The five major circles of latitude:- A diagram of a globe showing the five major circles of latitude		Writing structured notes	Appreciation  Giving accurate information  Clear pronunciation	Chalk Board illustration Chalk Board illustration	Chalk Board illustration Fountain SST for Uganda Bk6 MK stand and SST Bk6 Functional SST Bk6	

	4			Give the meaning of the term longitude  Name the longitude marked  (a) O°  (b) 180°  Calculate time of a given longitude West/East of the Greenhill	- Longitude - Rotation - Revolution - Hemisphere	Longitude Importance of longitude Diagram of a globe showing longitude Rotation Time zones Calculating time of a given place from the Greenhill	Whole discussion Brain storming	Writing structured notes	Clear spelling and pronunciation of terms	Chalk board illustration	Fountain SST for Uganda Bk6  Mk Stand and SST Bk6  Functional SST Bk6	
3		The East African Community	Location of East Africa	At the end of the lesson, learners should be able to:- Locate East Africa using latitudes and longitudes Locate East Africa on the map of Africa Name the landlocked countries in and neighboring East Africa State how Uganda and other neighboring landlocked countries benefit from Port	The learner pronounces and writes correctly the different East African Community countries.	Location of East Africa using latitudes and longitudes  A map showing East Africa on the map of Africa  A landlocked country Uganda and other countries neighboring East Africa which are also landlocked.  Problems faced by landlocked countries  Other countries in Africa that use Port Mombasa & Dar-es-	Whole class discussion Brain storming	Describing the position of East Africa using latitude and longitudes  Using a map of East Africa to name countries that formed the EAC long ago.	Giving accurate information  Clear pronunciation of terms  Sharing with others  Solidarity.	A chart showing member countries of EAC Chalk board illustration	Fountain SST Bk6 MK stand and SST Bk6 Functional SST Bk6	
				Mombasa and Dar-es- salaam		salaam  Capital cities of East  African and  neighboring countries						

3	1	Location of East Africa	Learners at the end of the lesson should be able to:- List the capital cities of East African countries and their neighbours	The learner spells, pronounces the capital cities of East African countries and their neighbours	Capital cities of East African countries & neighbours  A map showing East Africa and neighbouring countries  Countries that share border with East African countries	Class discussion	Listing countries of East Africa, borders and capital cities.  Writing structured notes	Giving accurate information Sharing with others Working together	Chalk board illustration A map showing countries which make up EAC and bordering countries	MK standard SST Bk6 Fountain SST Bk6 Functional SST Bk6	
4		countries of EAC		Learner pronounces and spells the personalities who led to the formation of EAC	The East African Community  Founder members of the defunct EAC  Secretary generals of the defunct	Class discussion Story telling Brain storming	Writing structured notes	Appreciation working together Using appropriate language	Chalk board illustration	MK stand and SST Bk6 Fountain SST Bk6	
5		run by the	Give examples of institution/departments that formed the EAC	The learner pronounces spells and reads the key works correctly e.g.  - Veterinary - Forestry-harbours - Civil Aviation - Librarianship - Commerce and trade Court of Appeal	Departments/Institution of the EAC e.g.  1. East African Examination council  2. East African Railways & harbours  3. East African school of civil Aviation  4. East African legislative Assembly	Class discussion Story telling	Writing structured notes  Discussing the department that formed EAC and the role played by each.	Unity Working together Sharing with others Giving accurate information	Chalk board illustration	Functional SST Bk6 Comprehen sive SST for P6.	

			5. East African Air ways			
			6. East African income tax department etc.			

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4	1	The east African Community	Collapse of the defunct EAC- 1977	Learners at the end of the lesson should be able to:- Give reasons why the EAC collapsed  List the departments which remained jointly run by the three EAST African countries after the collapsed of EAC Give the background of the revived EAC  Name the East African presidents who revived the EAC	the presidents of East African Countries who revived the EAC	collapsed of the formed East African	Discussion  Question and answer	Discussing the personalities involved benefits & how they contribute to the harmony of EAC  Writing structured notes	Working together Sharing with others	Chalk board illustration	M/C	

2	Revived East African Community	Learners should be able to:- 1). List countries that make up the revived EAC  2). Draw and show flags and coat of Arms of EAC member countries  Give reasons for the revival of EAC	Pronounces and writes correctly the different East Africa Community  East African Community  Member countries i.e. Uganda Kenya, Tanzania, Rwanda, Burundi.	(1). Countries that make up the EAC  (2) Flags and coat of Arms of EAC member states  (3) Reasons for the revival of the EAC	Discussion  Question and answer  Story telling	Drawing an accurate map of East Africa showing sister countries	Resolving issues without fighting Working together Using appropriate language	A chart showing EAC member countries Chalk board illustration		
	Organs of the EAC and their roles	Learners at the end of the lesson should be able to:- List the organs/institutions of the East African community and their roles	The learner pronounces and spells the key words e.g.  - Summit  - Secretariat  - Foreign  Affair  - Secretary general The learner names, spells the secretary generals of EAC after its revival	Organs of the East African Community.  1. Summit 2. Council of ministers 3. Secretariat 4. East African Legislative assembly (EALA) 5. East African Court of Justice (EACJ)  Roles of each organ Secretary generals of EAC after its revival	Discussion Brain storming	Writing structured notes Discussing the organs and roles of each organ of EAC	Working together Resolving issues without fighting Trust unity	Chalk board illustration	MK standard SST Bk6 Fountain SST Bk6 Functional SST Bk6	

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4	East African Community	Common market for eastern and Southern African	Learners at the end of the lesson should be able to:- Give the background information about COMESA.  State why it was called a preferential trade area.  List the objectives of PTA.  List COMESA member states on a given map  Outline the challenges of COMESA	The learner spells and reads the key words e.gPreferential -Objectives -Challenges -Science & technology -Trade barriers -Eliminate -Over dependence -implement	(1) Background of COMESA Objectives and aims of COMESA A map showing location of COMESA member states Problems affecting operation of COMESA	Class discussion Brain storming	Writing structured notes Discussing the aims of COMESA Discussing the challenges of COMESA	Working together Giving accurate information Appreciation	Chalk board illustration	Fountain SST Bk6 MK standard SST Bk6 Functional SST Bk6	
5	East African Community (EAC)	The people of East Africa	Learners at the end of the lesson should be able to:-  List the sources of information (history) about the people of East Africa  State how each source is used to get information  Define words like archaeology and excavation	The learners spell and pronounce key words e.g.  - Archeology - Excavation - Oral literature - Anthropology - Fossils - Archaeologist	Sources of information (history) about the people of East Africa.  What archaeologists look for  What archaeologists excavate  Examples of famous archaeologists in East Africa.  Why Dr. Louis S.B Leakey is remembered in the history of East Africa  Archaeological findings & settlements in East Africa.	Class discussions Brain storming Story telling	Discussing the various sources of history  Writing structured notes	Appreciation Cooperation Sharing with others Unity	Chalk board illustration	Fountain SST Bk6 Mk Standard and SST Bk6	

5	1		Stone age period	Give the meaning of stone age  Give examples of tools that early man made out of stones  Make drawings of some tools used by early man & ante facts	The learners spells & write the key words e.gStone age -Knives -Spears -Cleavers -Fossils -Artefacts	Examples of tools made by early man  Examples of antefacts & fossils discovered by archaeologist at archaeological sites	Story telling Class discussion Brain storming	Writing structured notes	Clear pronunciation Solidarity	Chalk board illustration	Comprehe nsive SST Bk6	
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	2		Stoneage	Learners at the end of the lesson should be able to: List the stages of stone age period - List the features in each period - Identify the importance of some discoveries made in stone age period	The learner spells, reads and explains some key words	Stages of stone age  How early man got food in early stone age  Major discovery that marked the end of old stone age  Middle stone age period  -Major discovery -Importance of fire to early man -How dogs were useful to early man -New stone age -Changes in the new stone age -Discovery that marked the end of stone age	Discussion Story telling	Writing structured notes  Discussing the importance of some things to early man e.g. dogs and fire.	Clear pronunciation of terms Respects	Chalk board illustration	Fountain SST Bk6 MK standard SST Bk6 Comprehen sive SST	

3		Iron	To name the people who first introduced iron working in Uganda  State how the discovery of iron was important to early man  List examples of tools made by man out iron  List examples of early man's sites in EA	The learner heads, spells and explains the key words e.g. Arrows, spears, hoes, Fossils	The iron age period Importance of iron discovery Examples of tools made out of iron Main sites in East Africa A map showing stone age site in East Africa Importance of early human sites and settlements.	telling Brain storming	Spelling and explaining the key words. Writing structured notes	Appreciation Sharing Respect	Chalk board illustration	Mk. Standard SST Bk6 Fountain SST for Uganda Bk6	
4	East African Community	Major Ethic groups in East Africa	Most learners at the end of the lesson should be able to:- Define an Ethnic group Give examples of Ethnic groups in East Africa Give reasons why people migrated long	The learner spells and pronounces some key words - Ethnic groups - Migrate - Cradle land - Migration	Ethnic group-definition  Examples of Ethnic groups in East Africa  Reasons why people migrated long ago	Story telling Brain storming	Writing structured notes and discussing reasons why people migrated long ago.	Respect Sharing Appreciation	Chalk board illustration	Fountain SST Bk6 MK Standard Bk6	

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	5		Bantu	Define Bantu  State the origin of Bantu Ethnic group  Give the groups (classifications) of Bantu with examples from each	- Classification - Origin	Who are the Bantu Where they originated from Four sub groups of Bantu i.e. Western Bantu, Centra	Discussion	Answering oral questions in reference from what they learn about Bantu in P.5	Working together Appreciation Sharing with others	Chalk board illustration	MK standard SST Bk6 Fountain SST Bk6 Comprehen sive SST BK6	

						Southern Bantu, Central Bantu, Central Bantu Examples of Bantu tribes from each group						
6	1	East African Community	Bantu settlement in East Africa	Most learners at the end of the lesson should be able to:-  Give the meaning of interlucustrine region  State reasons why Bantu people chose to settle in areas where they settled show the settlement patterns of Bantu people in East Africa	Learners read, spell and explain the meaning of key words e.g.  - Interlucustrine - Search for settlement - Favourable	Meaning of interlucustrine region  Why some bantu choose to settle around great lakes and others around mountains and highlands  A map showing Bantu people in East Africa  Reasons for Bantu migration  Effects of Bantu migration in East Africa	Class discussion Story telling	Writing structured notes  Discussing the reasons why Bantu migrated and effects of their migration	Sharing Appreciation Solidarity	Chalk board illustration A map showing Bantu settlements in East Africa	Mk. Standard SST Bk6 Fountain SST for Uganda Bk6	
	2		Nilotes River-lake Nilotes	State the groups of the Nilotes people in East Africa.  State the origin of River-Lake Nilotes	Learners read, spell and explain the key words e.g.  - Occupation - Dispersal - Settlement	River – Lake Nilotes  - Origin  - Examples of River Lake Nilotes in Uganda  - Their first settlement and dispersal area in Uganda.	Story telling Class discussion	Writing structured notes	Clear pronunciation of terms Sharing	A map showing ethnic groups in East Africa	SST Atlas Fountain SST Bk6	
	3			State the main occupation of RiverLake Nilotes List examples of River-Lake Nilotes in Uganda		Different groups of river-lake Nilotes after their dispersal     Component of each group & final destination	Class discussion	Writing structured notes	Sharing Unit	Chalk board illustration	SST Atlas Fountain SST Bk6	

4	Plain 1	Nilotes Most learners at the end of the lesson should be able to:-	- Origin - Home land - Cradleland - Tribe	Origin of the plain Nilotes & their settlement in East Africa Plain Nilotes	Story telling Class discussion	Discussing the origin of various ethnic	Sharing with others	Chalk board illustration	SST Atlas Fountain SST	
	Highlar Nilotes INiloHa	State the origin of the Nilo-hamites and their settlement areas in East Africa.  Give examples of highland Nilotes tribes in East Africa		(b) Kenya (c) Tanzania  Origin of the Highland Nilotes (Nile-Hamites)  Their settlement areas in East Africa  Examples of Highland Nilotes tribes in East Africa.	Ü	groups in East Africa	Respect Unit		Uganda Bk6 Comprehen sive SST Bk6	
5	Cushite	the lesson should be able to:-	The learner pronounces, reads and spells the key words i.e.  - Cushites - Cushitic tribes	- Their main activity	Question & answer Brain storming	Writing structural notes	Appreciation Unity Solidarity	Chalk board illustration	Fountain SST for Uganda Bk6 SST Atlas MK standard SST Bk6	

7	1	organization of Ethnic groups	State how people were politically organized  Outline the characteristics of kingdoms  State the advantages and disadvantages of kingdoms	The learner writes, spells and explains the meaning of key words e.g. kingdoms, chiefdoms, clan leaders, council of leaders, hereditary rule	of Ethnic groups.	Class discussion Story telling	and	Appreciation Working together	Chalk board illustration	Fountain SST for Uganda Bk6 Functional SST Bk6	
	2	Buganda	Learners at the end of the lesson should be able to:- State reasons for the rise & expansion of Buganda kingdom State how important the Kabaka was	The learner reads, spells and explains correctly the meaning of key words i.e Centralized System Monarchy Strategic - Conflict Agriculture	Reasons for the rise & expansion of Buganda kingdom	Class discussion Story telling	Discussing the reasons for the	Clear pronunciation of terms Sharing with others Respect	Chalk board illustration	MK Standard SST Bk6	

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3	Wanyamwezi	State the title given to the head of the Eanyamwezi Outline the duties of Ntemi State where abawanga are found in EA List the responsibilities of their chief		Reasons for the rise and expansion of Buganda kingdom  How important the kabaka is/was  Title given to the leader of Wanga kingdom  Duties of Ntemi  Title given to the leader of Wanga kingdom  Responsibilities	discussion Story telling	Writing structured notes Discussing the reasons for the growth & expansion of Buganda kingdom	Clear pronunciation of terms Sharing with others Respect	Chalk board illustration	MK standard SST Bk6 Fountain SST Bk6	
4	Decentralized societies	Learners at the end of the lesson should be able to:- Give the meaning of decentralized societies give examples of decentralized societies in East Africa	Pronouncing and spelling the key words	Decentralized societies	discussion	Writing structured notes	Clear pronunciation Sharing with others	Chalk board illustration	Fountain SST for Uganda Bk6	
5	Social organizations, cultures customs & their importance	By the end of the lesson, learners should be able to;- -Describe social organizations -Describe traditional education	Reading & spelling the key words e.g. beliefs, taboos, initiation ceremonies, morals			Writing structured notes	Appreciation Using appropriate language	Chalk board illustration	MK Standard SST Bk6 Fountain SST Bk6	

8	1		Customs	To define customs  Give the importance of customs  State how customs influence behavior & culture  Outline the importance of culture & customs	- Customs - Ceremonies - Culture	Customs-definition     How customs influence the behavior & ways of life of people     Importance of culture & customs to the people	discussion	Discussing the importance of culture & customs	Clear pronunciation of word illustration	Comprehe nsive SST Bk6		
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	2		Migration	Learners at the end of lesson should be able to:  - Outline the reasons for migrations of people into East Africa.  - List the effects of migrations in East Africa	- Conflicts - Intermarriage - Inhabitants - Overstocking - Depopulation	Reasons for migrations into East Africa     Effects of migrations in East Africa	discussion	Discussing the reason for migrations into EA	Sharing Respect	Chalk board illustration	Fountain SST for Uganda Bk6 Mk standard SST Bk6	
3	3		Long distance trade	Most learners at the end of the lesson should be able to:- List the most famous long distance traders in EA Give examples of trade items during long distance trade.	- The learner spell & pronounces the key words correctly & barter trade	Long distance trade definition     Most famous long distance traders in E.A     Trade items Africans got during long distance trade     Items they were exchanged with     How it was carried out		Writing structure d notes	Giving Accurate information Sharing with others	Chalk board illustration	Comprehen sive SST Bk6 Etc.	

	4	East African Community	Slave trade	Learners at the end of the lesson should be able to:- Define slave trade Give examples of notorious slave traders in E.A List the methods used to acquire slaves in E.A	- Notorious - Slave trade The learner writes and pronounces the key words correctly	Examples of notorious slave traders in E.A.     Methods used to acquire slaves in E.A.     Major slave markets in East Africa     Major slaves markets in East Africa     Consequences/Effects of long distance trade	Story telling Discussion	Discussing the effects of slave trade  Writing structured notes	Clear pronunciation of terms Sharing with others	Chalk board illustration	Fountain SST for Ug. Bk6 Mk Standard SST Bk6	
	5		Population East Africa	Learners at the end of the lesson should be able to:- Define population & other common terms under population	- The learner reads, spells and the explains their meanings.	Population     Population distribution     Population structure     Population explosion     Population growth     Over population     Dense population     Even population     Population density     How to calculate population density.		Discussing the meaning of the commonly used in population	Giving accurate information appreciation	Chalk board illustration	Comprehen sive SST Bk6	
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	1			Population census	By the end of the lesson should be able to:- Define populating census state reasons why the government conducts national population census  State the most densely populated areas in E.A  State the most sparsely populated areas in EA	government conducts national population	Class discussion Brain storming	Discussing the reason why the government conducts national population census	Clear pronunciation of terms Respect Appreciation	Chalk board illustration	Fountain SST for Uganda Bk6 Functional SST Bk6	

2	inf po <sub>l</sub>	pulation stribution	lesson should be able to:- List the factors that influence population distribution and how they do	Moderate relief Urbanization Drainage Economic factors Immigration Resource distribution	Factors that influence population distribution  How the above mentioned factors influence population distribution	storming	Discussing how the given factors influence population distribution	riccurate		Comprehen sive SST Bk6	
3	Pol		Learners at the end of the lesson should be able to:- Define migration List the causes of migration	The learner spells, reads and pronounces the key words		discussion	migration	Clear pronunciation of words Sharing with others	illustration	Comprehen sive SST Bk6 Fountain SST Bk6	
4		owth	Define population growth  State the factors that lead to high population growth  List the advantages of high population identify		factors leading the high population growth	storming Class discussion		Working together	board illustration	MK standard SST Bk6 Fountain SST for Uganda Bk6	

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	5		Population	Learners at the end of	The learners spell,	Solutions to population	Ouestion	Writing	Clear	Chalk board	Fountain	
	J		ғориганоп	lesson should be able	writes and uses key words.	problems	& answer	structured notes	pronunciation of words	illustration	SST Bk6	
				Suggest solutions to population problems List factors that influence settlement in East Africa	- Polygamy - Early marriages - Fertility rate - Birthrate	Factors that influence settlement in East Africa	discussion	Discussing the factors that influence settlement in East Africa	Appreciation		Functional SST Bk6	
10		Community	Groups of foreigners who came to East Africa	Learners at the end of the lesson should be able to:- List the groups of foreigners who came to East Africa. State reasons why Arabs came to EA.	<ul> <li>Monsoon winds</li> <li>Missionaries</li> <li>Explorers</li> <li>Foreigners</li> </ul>	How Arabs came to East Africa. Reasons why Arabs and Persians came to East Africa	telling Class discussion	Discussing the coming of the Arabs in East Africa. Writing structured notes	Working together Clear pronunciation of words Appreciation	Chalk board illustration	Foundation SST for Uganda Bk6 Comprehen sive SST Bk6	
	2		Arabs	Learners at the end of the lesson should be able to:- Define barter trade List the trade items Arabs brought to E.A	spells and uses the key words correctly	Barter trade  Trade items Arabs brought to East Africa & their sources  Items Arabs got from East Africa.	Discussion Brain Storming	Writing structured notes	Sharing Respect		Foundation SST for Uganda Bk6 Comprehen sive SST Bk6	
	3		Arabs Persians	Learners at the end of the lesson should be able to:- State the effects of Arabs and Persian settlement at the coast List the main salve markets in East Africa State the effects of slave trade to the people of EA		Results of Arabs and Persian settlement at the cost Main slave markets/centres in East Africa. Effects of slave trade to the people of East Africa	telling Class	Discussing the effects of slave trade in EA Writing structures notes	Giving accurate information  Sharing with others	Chalk Board illustration	Fountain SST for Uganda Bk6	

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	4	East African Community	Abolition of slave trade	Learners at the end of lesson should be able to:-  State the various steps taken to abolish slave trade in East Africa  Outline the factors which made slave trade difficult to control  List the factors that led to abolition of slave trade	The learners read, pronounce, spell and write the key words correctly i.e.  - Abolition - Unlawful - Oppression - Navy - Abolitionist - Profitable	Various steps taken to abolish slave trade in East Africa Factors which made slave trade difficult to control Factors that led to abolition of slave trade	Class discussion Story telling	Writing structured notes Discussing the steps taken to abolish slave trade in East Africa.	Clear pronunciation of words Sharing with others Appreciation	Chalk board illustration	Fountain SST for Uganda Functional SST Bk6	
	5		Treaties that abolished slave trade & slavery in EA and the terms of each treaty	To list the various treaties that were signed to abolish slave trade and the terms of each	The learner spells and writes the key words correctly	Treaties that led to abolition of slave trade in East Africa and their terms. (i). Moresby treaty (ii). Hamerton treaty (iii). Frere treaty (iv) Signatories of each treaty. Effects of the abolition of slave trade	Story telling Brain storming Class discussion	Discussing various treaties that led to abolition of salve trade in EA	Appreciation Respect Sharing with others	Chalk board illustration	Fountain SST for Uganda Bk6 Functional SST Bk6	
	1&2	East African Community	Different religions of East Africa	Learners at the end of the lesson should be able to:-  State the religions found in East Africa  Give the meaning of missionary  Outline the contributions of the missionaries in EA	Missionary Religions	Religion found in East Africa Missionaries in East Africa Meaning of missionary Achievements of the missionaries in EA Why missionaries introduced formal education		Discussion the coming of the missionaries in EA	Sharing Appreciation	Chalk board illustration	Fountain SST for Uganda Bk6 Functional SST Bk6	

			Challenges experienced by different			
			missionaries in EA.			